MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2024



BUSINESS ADVISORS AND CPAS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Moravia Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moravia Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Moravia Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Moravia Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Moravia Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 50-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Moravia Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2024 on our consideration of Moravia Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Moravia Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 14, 2024

Moravia Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Moravia Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This section is a summary of the Moravia Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Moravia Central School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$2,450,582 (net position), an increase of \$181,027 from the prior year.

New York State Law limits the amount of unreserved fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,110,659. This amount was within the statutory limit.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$6,434,727 a decrease of \$1,776,772 in comparison with the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$27,808,634, or 89% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating Grants and Contributions, accounted for \$3,276,444, or 11% of total revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the special aid fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. The school lunch fund and the miscellaneous special revenue fund, are reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements									
Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements									
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the School	Instances in which the School						
-	(except fiduciary funds)	District that are not proprietary or	District administers resources on						
		fiduciary, such as special	behalf of someone else, such as						
		education, scholarship programs,	student activities monies						
		and building maintenance							
Required	Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary net assets						
financial	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues,	statement of changes in fiduciary						
statements		expenditures, and changes in fund	net assets						
		balance							
Accounting	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and economic						
basis and	economic resources focus	current financial focus	resources focus						
measurement									
focus									
Type of	All assets and liabilities, both	Generally, assets expected to be	All assets and liabilities, both						
asset/liability	financial and capital, short-	used up and liabilities that come	short-term and long-term; funds do						
information	term and long-term	due during the year or soon	not currently contain capital assets,						
		thereafter; no capital assets or	although they can						
		long-term liabilities included							
Type of	All revenues and expenses	Revenues for which cash is	All additions and deductions						
inflow/outflow	during year, regardless of	received during or soon after the	during the year, regardless of when						
information	when cash is received or paid	end of the year; expenditures	cash is received or paid						
		when goods or services have been received and the related liability							
		5							
		is due and payable							

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred in inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was greater on June 30, 2024 than the year before, increasing to \$2,450,582 as shown in the table below.

		Total				
	Governmen	Variance				
ASSETS:	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,470,287	\$ 10,081,109	\$ (1,610,822)			
Capital Assets	41,538,016	41,324,399	213,617			
Total Assets	\$ 50,008,303	\$ 51,405,508	\$ (1,397,205)			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,245,875	\$ 9,137,666	\$ (1,891,791)			
LIABILITIES:						
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 47,645,783	\$ 50,934,977	\$ (3,289,194)			
Other Liabilities	2,074,021	1,911,633	162,388			
Total Liabilities	\$ 49,719,804	\$ 52,846,610	\$ (3,126,806)			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 5,083,792	\$ 5,427,009	\$ (343,217)			
<u>NET POSITION:</u>						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 23,186,720	\$ 21,230,048	\$ 1,956,672			
Restricted For,						
Employment Retirement System	1,556,109	1,521,920	34,189			
Workers' Compensation Reserve	683,514	668,495	15,019			
Debt Service Reserve	1,146,566	1,129,105	17,461			
Capital Reserve	717,067	303,827	413,240			
Other Purposes	1,292,952	2,750,358	(1,457,406)			
Unrestricted	(26,132,346)	(25,334,198)	(798,148)			
Total Net Position	\$ 2,450,582	\$ 2,269,555	\$ 181,027			

Key Variances

- Current and Other Assets decreased \$1,610,822 as a result of allocating and spending capital reserve dollars.
- Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased \$1,891,791 as a result of the OPEB and Pension system changes.
- Long-Term Debt Obligations decreased \$3,289,194 as a result of debt repayment and decreases to the net pension liablity.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are five restricted net asset balances; Employee Retirement System, Workers' Compensation Reserve, Debt Service Reserve, Capital Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$26,132,346.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenue increased 5% to \$31,085,078. Approximately 57% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources, while 29% came from property taxes. The remaining 14% of the revenue came from operating grants, charges for services, non-property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

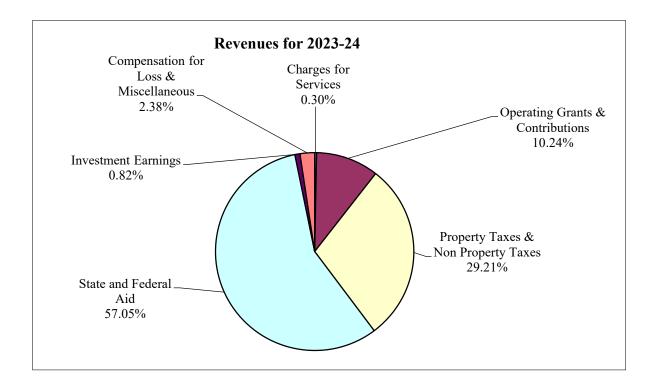
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 6% to \$30,904,051. The District's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students, or Instruction 73%. General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District, accounted for 13% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

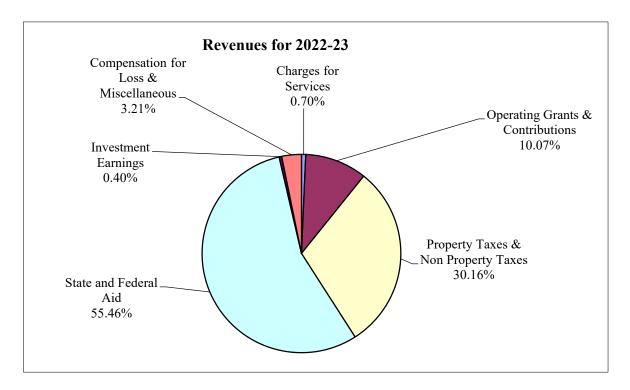
		~	Total			
		Governmen		<u>Variance</u>		
DEVENIUES.		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		
<u>REVENUES:</u>						
<u>Program -</u> Charges for Service	\$	94,469	\$	206 274	\$	(111, 205)
	Ф	,	Э	206,274	Ф	(111,805)
Operating Grants & Contributions	¢	3,181,975	¢	2,985,798	¢	196,177
Total Program	\$	3,276,444	\$	3,192,072	\$	84,372
<u>General -</u>	¢	0.075 (45	¢	0.040.72(¢	124.010
Property Taxes	\$	9,075,645	\$	8,940,726	\$	134,919
Non Property Taxes		4,833		2,781		2,052
State and Federal Aid		17,733,797		16,445,502		1,288,295
Investment Earnings		255,901		102,203		153,698
Compensation for Loss		1,134		3,712		(2,578)
Miscellaneous		737,324		948,531		(211,207)
Total General	\$	27,808,634	\$	26,443,455	\$	1,365,179
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	31,085,078	\$	29,635,527	\$	1,449,551
EXPENSES:						
General Support	\$	4,090,835	\$	4,076,730	\$	14,105
Instruction		22,414,644		20,878,822		1,535,822
Pupil Transportation		2,832,889		2,477,858		355,031
Community Services		-		1,500		(1,500)
School Lunch		870,298		792,681		77,617
Interest		695,385		895,651		(200,266)
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	30,904,051	\$	29,123,242	\$	1,780,809
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	181,027	\$	512,285		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR		2,269,555		1,757,270		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	2,450,582	\$	2,269,555		

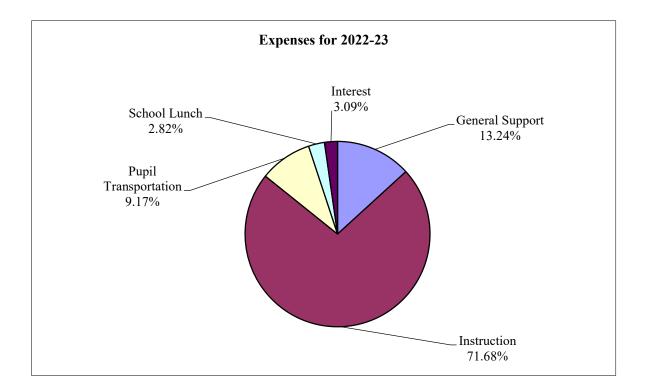
Key Variances

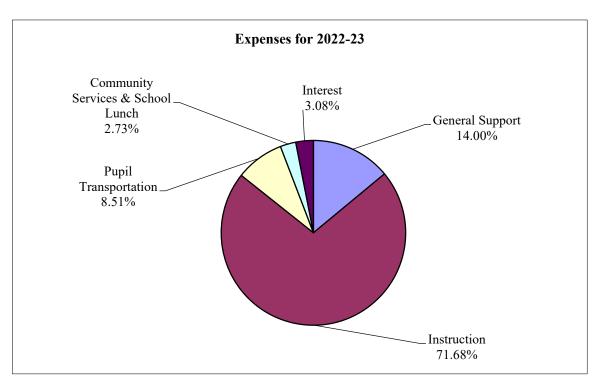
• State and Federal Aid increased \$1,288,295 as a result is formula aid increases.

• Instruction increased \$1,535,822 as a result of additional spending in the teaching, programs for children with handicapping conditions, and pupil services functions.









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$6,434,727, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$8,211,499.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,814,209. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$496,905 compared with the prior year. See table below:

					Total
General Fund Balances:	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		<u>ariance</u>	
Restricted	\$ 4,043,887	\$ 3,576,190	5	5	467,697
Assigned	659,663	594,060			65,603
Unassigned	 1,110,659	 1,147,054			(36,395)
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 5,814,209	\$ 5,317,304	5	6	496,905

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$100,950. This change is attributable to \$69,060 of carryover encumbrances from the 2022-23 school year, \$6,890 for payment of accrued time – EBLAR reserve, and \$25,000 unemployment payment with reserve.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Due to special needs students either being declassified and/or
Instructional	(\$221,741)	moving out of the district.
		This is a 5-year tech lease that is paid through a BOCES Coser, but
Debt Service-Principal	\$241,407	accounting rules dictate it show as a Debt Service item.

	Budget Variance	
Revenue Items:	Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Kevenue items.	Actual	Refunds came in higher than anticipated as well as interest earnings increased significantly due to moving funds to a higher yielding
Miscellaneous	\$278,049	account.
		Local budget was adopted with information at the time which differed significantly than the adopted State Budget, which was
State Sources	(\$839,965)	late.
	Budget Variance	
	Amended Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Support	\$257,642	Began to spend for need only due to uncertain revenue future in 24-25.
Instruction	\$552,102	Adjustments due to salaries being coded incorrectly and changes of positions paid for by grants.
Pupil Transportation	\$225,959	Conservative budgeting due to volatility of fuel prices/costs.
Employee Benefits	\$287,715	Conservative budgeting due to not knowing how many new employees may take district health insurance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2024 fiscal year, the District had invested \$41,078,343 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
<u>Capital Assets</u>		
Land	\$ 187,023	\$ 187,023
Work in Progress	3,473,906	637,620
Buildings and Improvements	35,598,422	38,118,861
Machinery and Equipment	 1,818,992	 1,673,724
Total Capital Assets	\$ 41,078,343	\$ 40,617,228
Lease Assets		
Equipment	\$ 459,673	\$ 707,171
Total Capital Assets	\$ 459,673	\$ 707,171

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$47,645,783 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 15,327,000	\$ 17,932,100
Lease Liability	455,152	696,559
Unamortized Bond Premium	900,818	983,470
Net Pension Liability	1,769,346	2,437,349
OPEB	28,174,937	28,016,717
Retainage	96,462	-
Compensated Absences	922,068	868,782
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 47,645,783	\$ 50,934,977

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Uncertainty related to State Aid, in particular, Foundation Aid. Without a clear picture of what components will be in the future formula, as well as not knowing what the Governor plans to do with regards to district reserves, we will continue to try and maximize BOCES services, as well as budget and spend conservatively.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Moravia Central School District 68 South Main Street, P.O. Box 1189 Moravia, New York 13118

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>					
ASSETS	*					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,992,999				
Investments		16,336				
Accounts receivable		2,449,594				
Inventories		11,358				
Capital Assets:						
Land		187,023				
Work in progress		3,473,906				
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		37,877,087				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	50,008,303				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,245,875				
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	820,595				
Accrued liabilities		57,072				
Unearned revenues		73,566				
Due to other governments		127				
Due to teachers' retirement system		929,933				
Due to employees' retirement system		120,596				
Other liabilities		72,132				
Long-Term Obligations:						
Due in one year		2,114,499				
Due in more than one year		45,531,284				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	49,719,804				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	5,083,792				
		, ,				
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	23,186,720				
Restricted For:						
Debt service		1,146,566				
Reserve for employee retirement system		1,556,109				
Worker's compensation reserve		683,514				
Capital reserves		717,067				
Other purposes		1,292,952				
Unrestricted		(26,132,346)				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	2,450,582				

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary Government -		Charges for ((enues Operating Grants and ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
General support	\$	4,090,835	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,090,835)	
Instruction		22,414,644		333		2,592,481		(19,821,830)	
Pupil transportation		2,832,889		-		-		(2,832,889)	
School lunch		870,298		94,136		589,494		(186,668)	
Interest		695,385						(695,385)	
Total Primary Government	\$	30,904,051	\$	94,469	\$	3,181,975	\$	(27,627,607)	
	Gene	ral Revenues:							
	Pro	perty taxes					\$	9,075,645	
	Noi	n property taxes						4,833	
	Stat	te and federal a	id					17,733,797	
	Inv	estment earning	(S					255,901	
	Cor	npensation for 1	loss					1,134	
	Miscellaneous							737,324	
	Total General Revenues							27,808,634	
	Cha	anges in Net Pos	sition				\$	181,027	
	Net	Position, Begi	nning	of Year				2,269,555	

Net Position, End of Year

2,450,582

\$

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

ASSETS		General <u>Fund</u>		Special Aid <u>Fund</u>		Debt Service <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		onmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,212,786	\$	4,527	\$	404,114	\$	30,290	\$	341,282	\$	5,992,999
Investments		-		-		-		-		16,336		16,336
Receivables		1,849,732		553,848		-		-		46,014		2,449,594
Inventories		-		-		-		-		11,358		11,358
Due from other funds		543,850		22,711		742,452		5,000		5,554		1,319,567
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,606,368	\$	581,086	\$	1,146,566	\$	35,290	\$	420,544	\$	9,789,854
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	ICES											
Liabilities -												
Accounts payable	\$	617,692	\$	80,080	\$	-	\$	118,838	\$	3,985	\$	820,595
Accrued liabilities		18,541		-		-		-		70		18,611
Due to other funds		33,265		430,727		-		755,054		100,521		1,319,567
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		127		127
Due to TRS		929,933		-		-		-		-		929,933
Due to ERS		120,596		-		-		-		-		120,596
Other liabilities		72,132		-		-		-		-		72,132
Unearned revenue		-		70,279		-		-		3,287		73,566
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,792,159	\$	581,086	\$	-	\$	873,892	\$	107,990	\$	3,355,127
Fund Balances -												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,358	\$	11,358
Restricted		4,043,887		-		1,146,566		304,181		205,755		5,700,389
Assigned		659,663		-		-		9,489		95,441		764,593
Unassigned		1,110,659		-		-		(1,152,272)		-		(41,613)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	5,814,209	\$	-	\$	1,146,566	\$	(838,602)	\$	312,554	\$	6,434,727
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND												
FUND BALANCES	\$	7,606,368	\$	581,086	\$	1,146,566	\$	35,290	\$	420,544		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets/right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources												

Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets/right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	41,538,016
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position	
but not in the funds.	(38,461)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Serial bonds payable	(15,327,000)
Leases	(455,152)
Retainage	(96,462)
OPEB	(28,174,937)
Compensated absences	(922,068)
Unamortized bond premium	(900,818)
Deferred outflow - pension	4,522,270
Deferred outflow - OPEB	2,723,605
Net pension liability	(1,769,346)
Deferred inflow - advanced refunding	(447,778)
Deferred inflow - pension	(1,098,074)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(3,537,940)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,450,582

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Special		Debt		Capital		onmajor	Total
		General Fund		Aid Fund		Service Fund		Projects Fund		vernmental Funds	Governmental
REVENUES		<u>r una</u>		<u>r una</u>		<u>r una</u>		<u>r una</u>		<u>r unus</u>	Funds
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	9,075,645	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,075,645
Non-property taxes		4,833		-		-		-	·	-	4,833
Charges for services		333		-		-		-		-	333
Use of money and property		236,072		-		17,461		-		2,499	256,032
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,134		-		-		-		-	1,134
Miscellaneous		730,049		-		-		-		46,485	776,534
State sources		17,662,110		401,630		-		-		143,880	18,207,620
Federal sources		71,687		2,190,851		-		-		445,614	2,708,152
Sales		-		-		-		-		54,795	54,795
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	27,781,863	\$	2,592,481	\$	17,461	\$	<u> </u>	\$	693,273	\$ 31,085,078
EXPENDITURES											
General support	\$	3,439,947	\$	5,966	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,445,913
Instruction		13,551,373		2,367,136		-		-		-	15,918,509
Pupil transportation		1,451,874		53,630		-		142,819		-	1,648,323
Employee benefits		4,575,307		187,994		-		-		121,517	4,884,818
Debt service - principal		3,293,507		-		-		-		-	3,293,507
Debt service - interest		816,044		-		-		-		-	816,044
Cost of sales		-		-		-		-		238,014	238,014
Other expenses		-		-		-		-		323,898	323,898
Capital outlay		-		-		-		2,739,824		-	2,739,824
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	27,128,052	\$	2,614,726	\$	-	\$	2,882,643	\$	683,429	\$ 33,308,850
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	653,811	\$	(22,245)	\$	17,461	\$	(2,882,643)	\$	9,844	\$ (2,223,772)
		055,011	Ψ	(22,243)	Ψ	17,401		(2,002,043)		7,044	φ (2,223,772)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<i>•</i>		¢	22.245			<i>•</i>	104 661	۴		¢ 150000
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	22,245	\$	-	\$	134,661	\$	-	\$ 156,906
Transfers - out		(156,906)		-		-		-		-	(156,906)
Proceeds from obligations TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		-		-		-		447,000			447,000
	¢	(15(000)	¢	22.245	¢		¢	5 91 ((1	¢		¢ 447.000
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(156,906)	\$	22,245	\$		<u></u>	581,661	\$		\$ 447,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	496,905	\$	-	\$	17,461	\$	(2,300,982)	\$	9,844	\$ (1,776,772)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,317,304		-		1,129,105		1,462,380		302,710	8,211,499
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	5,814,209	\$	-	\$	1,146,566	\$	(838,602)	\$	312,554	\$ 6,434,727

MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	FUNDS		\$ (1,776,772)
Amounts reported for governme	ental activities in the Statement of Activities ar	e different because:	
the cost of those assets is alloca	ital outlays as expenditures. However, in the St ted over their estimated useful lives and report amounts by which capital outlays and addition od:	ed as depreciation	
	Capital Outlay	\$ 2,739,824	
	Additions to Assets, Net	1,391,999	
	Depreciation and Amortization	(3,918,206)	212 617
			213,617
increases long-term obligations expenditure in the governmenta	financial resources to governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of al funds, but the repayment reduces long-term of following details these items as they effect the	of bond principal is an obligations in the	
	Debt Repayments	\$ 3,293,507	
	Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(447,000)	
	Unamortized Bond Premium	82,653	2,929,160
funds, an interest expenditure is	nterest is accrued on outstanding bonds, where s reported when due. require the use of current financial resources a	-	3,562
	expenditure in the governmental funds.		(96,462)
The net OPEB liability does no reported as an expenditure in th	t require the use of current financial resources a governmental funds.	and, therefore, is not	(265,478)
1 1			
(Increase) decrease in proportion do not provide for or require th	onate share of net pension asset/liability reporte e use of current financial resources and therefo governmental funds		
(Increase) decrease in proportio	e use of current financial resources and therefo		
(Increase) decrease in proportion do not provide for or require the revenues or expenditures in the	e use of current financial resources and therefo governmental funds Teachers' Retirement System		
(Increase) decrease in proportion do not provide for or require the revenues or expenditures in the Portion of deferred (inflow) / or In the Statement of Activities, ware measured by the amount acc	e use of current financial resources and therefo governmental funds Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System utflow recognized in long term debt vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and crued during the year. In the governmental func- e amount actually paid. The following provides	re are not reported as judgments and claims ds, expenditures for	(270,860)
(Increase) decrease in proportion do not provide for or require the revenues or expenditures in the Portion of deferred (inflow) / or In the Statement of Activities, ware measured by the amount acc these items are measured by the	e use of current financial resources and therefo governmental funds Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System utflow recognized in long term debt vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and crued during the year. In the governmental func- e amount actually paid. The following provides	re are not reported as judgments and claims ds, expenditures for	(536,898) (270,860) 34,444 (53,286)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2024

ASSETS	-	ustodial <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	194,175
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	194,175
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	194,175
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	194,175

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial	
		Funds
ADDITIONS		
Library taxes	\$	94,500
Student activity		175,407
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	269,907
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activity	\$	177,892
Library taxes		94,500
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	272,392
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(2,485)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		196,660
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	194,175

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Moravia Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Moravia Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. <u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds</u>

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held for various student organizations in the fiduciary fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Cayuga-Onondaga Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$6,133,104 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,921,355.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>**General Fund</u></u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.</u>**

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>**Capital Projects Fund</u>** - This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition of school buses.</u>

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

b. <u>Non-Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>**Custodial Funds</u>** - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.</u>

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, 2023 and became a lien on August 29, 2023. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to November 15, 2023.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Cayuga in which the District is located. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	Th	reshold	Method	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. <u>Right To Use Assets</u>

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets

N. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

1. District-Wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

a. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

b. <u>**Restricted Net Position**</u> - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 295,488
Retirement Contribution - TRS	269,941
Repair	140,278
Scholarships	205,755
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 381,490
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 1,292,952

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$26,132,346 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligations.

2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	Total
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 11,358
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 11,358

Total

b. <u>**Restricted Fund Balances**</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance.

			Total
Name	Maximum	Total Funding	Year to Date
of Reserve	Funding	Provided	Balance
Capital Reserve	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 715,499	\$ 717,067

Total

<u>Reserve for Debt Service</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Repair Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>**Teachers' Retirement Reserve**</u> – General Municipal Law §6-r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. **Workers' Compensation Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Total

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>1 otal</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 683,514
Unemployment Costs	295,488
Retirement Contribution - ERS	1,556,109
Retirement Contribution - TRS	269,941
Repair	140,278
Capital Reserve	717,067
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	381,490
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>	
Capital Improvement Project	304,181
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	205,755
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	1,146,566
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 5,700,389

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2024-25 budget:

	Total
Workers' Compensation	\$ 109,143
ERS Retirement Contribution	92,538
Total	\$ 201,681

c. <u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024.

d. <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General fund are amounts in excess of \$40,000, Special aid fund to be \$6,200, and the capital projects fund to be \$6,700.

<u>General Fund -</u>	
General Support	\$ 47,478
Instruction	\$ 59,012
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>	
Capital Improvements	\$ 18,514,441
Bus Purchases	\$ 307,160
<u>Special Aid Fund -</u>	
Instructional	\$ 295,632

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 134,663
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	525,000
Capital Projects Fund - Capital Improvements	9,489
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	 95,441
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 764,593

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2024, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022 (financial guarantees and derivative instruments)*.

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62.

U. <u>Future Changes in Accounting Standards</u>

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. <u>Restatement of Fund Balance</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2024, changes to or within the financial reporting entity resulted in restatements of beginning nonmajor fund balance, as follows:

	Nonmajor <u>Fund Balance</u>	
Nonmajor fund balance beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	1,431,815
Debt Service Fund previously reported as nonmajor		(1,129,105)
Nonmajor fund balance beginning of year, restated	\$	302,710

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. <u>Budgets</u>

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The 2023-24 budget was amended \$69,060 for prior year carryover encumbrances, \$25,000 to increase unemployment expense, and \$6,890 to increase instructional salaries.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. <u>Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund</u>

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$1,152,272 at June 30, 2024, which is a result of expenses incurred before receiving financing.

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	5,426,589
Total	\$ 5,426,589

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$5,700,389 within the governmental funds and \$194,175 in the fiduciary funds.

V. <u>Investments</u>

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds), and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

- A. Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
- **B.** Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
- **C.** Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

		C	arrying	Type of	
Investments	Fund	A	mount	Invesment	Category
Vanguard	Misc. Special Revenue	\$	16,336	Mutual Funds	А

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk.

VI. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2024 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities									
		General	Sp	ecial Aid	No	n Major					
Description	Fund		Fund		1	Funds	<u>Total</u>				
Accounts Receivable	\$	19,493	\$	-	\$	8,605	\$	28,098			
Due From State and Federal		383,388		553,848		37,409		974,645			
Due From Other Governments		1,446,851		-		-		1,446,851			
Total Receivables	\$ 1,849,732		\$	553,848	\$	46,014	\$	2,449,594			

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Interfund									
	R	Receivables		Payables	R	<u>Revenues</u>	Expenditures			
General Fund	\$	543,850	\$	33,265	\$	-	\$	156,906		
Special Aid Fund		22,711		430,727		22,245		-		
Debt Service Fund		742,452		-		-		-		
Capital Projects Fund		5,000		755,054		134,661		-		
Nonmajor Funds		5,554		100,521		-		-		
Total	\$	1,319,567	\$	1,319,567	\$	156,906	\$	156,906		

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VIII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

			Balance						
Type		7/1/2023		Additions		Deletions		6/30/2024	
Governmental Activities:									
<u>Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -</u>									
Land	\$	187,023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	187,023	
Work in progress		637,620		2,836,286		-		3,473,906	
Total Nondepreciable	\$	824,643	\$	2,836,286	\$	-	\$	3,660,929	
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	63,448,558	\$	272,000	\$	8,888	\$	63,711,670	
Machinery and equipment		6,571,851		1,039,317		356,190		7,254,978	
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	70,020,409	\$	1,311,317	\$	365,078	\$	70,966,648	
Less Accumulated Depreciation -									
Buildings and Improvements	\$	25,329,697	\$	2,792,439	\$	8,888	\$	28,113,248	
Machinery and equipment		4,898,127		878,269		340,410		5,435,986	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	30,227,824	\$	3,670,708	\$	349,298	\$	33,549,234	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net									
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	39,792,585	\$	(2,359,391)	\$	15,780	\$	37,417,414	
Total Capital Assets	\$	40,617,228	\$	476,895	\$	15,780	\$	41,078,343	

The opening fixed assets were restated for change in vendor; however, change was not material.

B. Lease Assets

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance						Balance
<u>Type</u>	7/1/2023	A	dditions	Deletions		<u>6/30/2024</u>	
Lease Assets:							
Equipment	\$ 1,382,589	\$	-	\$	145,096	\$	1,237,493
Total Lease Assets	\$ 1,382,589	\$	-	\$	145,096	\$	1,237,493
Less Accumulated Amortization -							
Equipment	\$ 675,418	\$	247,498	\$	145,096	\$	777,820
Total Accumulated Amortization	\$ 675,418	\$	247,498	\$	145,096	\$	777,820
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$ 707,171	\$	(247,498)	\$	-	\$	459,673

(VIII.) (Continued)

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets (net)	\$ 37,417,414
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	 459,673
Total Other Capital Assets (net)	\$ 37,877,087

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Depreciation	Amortization	<u>Total</u>
General Government Support	\$ 284,357	\$ -	\$ 284,357
Instruction	2,690,320	247,498	2,937,818
Pupil Transportation	539,418	-	539,418
School Lunch	156,613		156,613
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 3,670,708	\$ 247,498	\$ 3,918,206

IX. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2023</u>		Additions]	Deletions		Balance <u>6/30/2024</u>		Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
Governmental Activities:											
Bonds and Notes Payable -											
Serial Bonds	\$	17,932,100	\$	447,000	\$	3,052,100	\$	15,327,000	\$	1,497,000	
Lease Liability		696,559		-		241,407		455,152		199,640	
Unamortized Bond Premium		983,470		-		82,652		900,818		82,653	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	19,612,129	\$	447,000	\$	3,376,159	\$	16,682,970	\$	1,779,293	
Other Liabilities -											
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,437,349	\$	-	\$	668,003	\$	1,769,346	\$	-	
OPEB		28,016,717		158,220		-		28,174,937		-	
Retainage		-		96,462		-		96,462		96,462	
Compensated Absences		868,782		53,286		-		922,068		238,744	
Total Other Liabilities	\$	31,322,848	\$	307,968	\$	668,003	\$	30,962,813	\$	335,206	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	50,934,977	\$	754,968	\$	4,044,162	\$	47,645,783	\$	2,114,499	

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

	Original	Issue	Final	Interest		Amount utstanding
<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>(</u>	6/30/2024
<u>Serial Bonds -</u>						
Construction	\$ 2,225,000	2015	2027	2.000%-3.125%	\$	640,000
Construction	\$ 3,890,000	2018	2033	5.00%		2,650,000
Buses	\$ 330,000	2020	2025	1.750%-1.875%		70,000
Refunding	\$ 6,455,000	2019	2037	3%-5%		3,440,000
Buses	\$ 362,000	2021	2025	0.50%-1.56%		150,000
Buses	\$ 354,000	2022	2027	1.00%		220,000
Construction	\$ 8,220,000	2022	2036	5.00%		7,415,000
Buses	\$ 362,100	2023	2028	2.5%-3.8%		295,000
Buses	\$ 447,000	2024	2029	3.750%-3.875%		447,000
Total Serial Bonds					\$	15,327,000
<u>Leases -</u>						
IT Equipment	\$ 250,578	2021	2025	1.90%	\$	51,954
IT Equipment	\$ 250,656	2022	2026	0.991%		101,671
IT Equipment	\$ 241,504	2023	2027	3.105%		148,985
IT Equipment	\$ 245,961	2023	2027	3.716%		152,542
Total Leases					\$	455,152

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	 Serial	Bond	ls		Leases					
<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>	P	rincipal	Ι	nterest			
2025	\$ 1,497,000	\$	703,236	\$	199,640	\$	10,099			
2026	1,490,000		642,023		151,557		5,692			
2027	1,470,000		580,250		103,955		1,933			
2028	1,240,000		516,197		-		-			
2029	1,215,000		457,591		-		-			
2030-34	5,890,000		1,406,850		-		-			
2035-37	2,525,000		195,900		-		-			
Total	\$ 15,327,000	\$	4,502,047	\$	455,152	\$	17,724			

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2024 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 816,044
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(42,023)
Less: Amortized Bond Premium	(82,652)
Less: Refunding Amortization	(34,445)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 38,461
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 695,385

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$3,780,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

X. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred				
	Outflows	Inflows				
Pension	\$ 4,522,270	\$ 1,098,074				
Bond refunding	-	447,778				
OPEB	2,723,605	3,537,940				
Total	\$ 7,245,875	\$ 5,083,792				

XI. <u>Pension Plans</u>

A. <u>General Information</u>

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. **Provisions and Administration**

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at <u>www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</u>.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2024:

Contributions	ERS		ontributions <u>ERS</u>		TRS
2024	\$	309,792	\$ 929,933		

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2024 for ERS and June 30, 2023 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		<u>ERS</u>		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Ma	rch 31, 2024	Jur	ne 30, 2023
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(1,269,524)	\$	(499,822)
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)		0.009%		0.044%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expenses of \$605,272 for ERS and \$1,350,664 for TRS. At June 30, 2024 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred of Re		 Deferred of Res	
	 ERS	TRS	ERS	TRS
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 408,913	\$ 1,211,935	\$ 34,617	\$ 2,995
Changes of assumptions	479,979	1,076,101	-	234,530
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		255 400	(20.15(
investments Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and	-	255,499	620,156	-
proportionate share of contributions	138,351	16,719	26,972	178,804
Subtotal	\$ 1,027,243	\$ 2,560,254	\$ 681,745	\$ 416,329
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 120,596	 814,177	 	
Grand Total	\$ 1,147,839	\$ 3,374,431	\$ 681,745	\$ 416,329

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	ERS	TRS
2024	\$ -	\$ 161,413
2025	(187,434)	(295,030)
2026	267,576	1,983,971
2027	389,791	133,829
2028	(124,435)	99,860
Thereafter	 -	 59,882
Total	\$ 345,498	\$ 2,143,925

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2023	June 30, 2022
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2022.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return					
<u>ERS</u> <u>TRS</u>					
Measurement date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023			
<u>Asset Type -</u>					
Domestic equity	4.00%	6.80%			
International equity	6.65%	7.60%			
Global equity	0.00%	7.20%			
Private equity	7.25%	10.10%			
Real estate	4.60%	6.30%			
Opportunistic portfolios	5.25%	0.00%			
Real assets	5.79%	0.00%			
Global bonds	0.00%	1.60%			
Cash	0.25%	0.30%			
Private debt	0.00%	6.00%			
Real estate debt	0.00%	3.20%			
High-yield bonds	0.00%	4.40%			
Domestic fixed income	0.00%	2.20%			
Fixed income	1.50%	0.00%			
Credit	5.40%	0.00%			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption :

<u>ERS</u> Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption <u>(5.90%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(6.90%)</u>
asset (liability)	\$ (3,991,514)	\$ (1,269,524)	\$ 1,003,902
<u>TRS</u> Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (<u>5.95%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(6.95%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(7.95%)</u>
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (7,612,539)	\$ (499,822)	\$ 5,482,281

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 240,696,851	\$ 138,365,122	
Plan net position	225,972,801	137,221,537	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (14,724,050)	\$ (1,143,585)	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	93.88%	99.20%	

I. <u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$120,596.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2024 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$929,933.

XII. Postemployment Benefits

A. <u>General Information About the OPEB Plan</u>

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	204
Active Employees	190
Total	394

B. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$28,174,937 was measured as of March 31, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.42 percent
Salary Increases	3.42 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.98 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial rate of 5.10% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.86%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a tax exempt, high-quality 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Mortality rates were based on the 2015 NYSTRS mortality rates, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

C. <u>Changes in the Total OPEB Liability</u>

Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	28,016,717
Changes for the Year -		
Service cost	\$	848,136
Interest		1,048,918
Differences between expected and actual experience		89,920
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(713,062)
Benefit payments		(1,115,692)
Net Changes	\$	158,220
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	28,174,937
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net Changes	\$ \$	89,92 (713,00 (1,115,60 158,22

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.78 percent in 2023 to 3.98 percent, the salary scale changed from 3.53 percent to 3.42 percent, and updated healthcare cost trend rates for 2024.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.98 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.98 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount			
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
	<u>(2.98%)</u>	<u>(3.98%)</u>	<u>(4.98%)</u>	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 32,339,545	\$ 28,174,937	\$ 24,796,951	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.10 percent to 2.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.10 percent to 4.86 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(4.10%	(5.10%	(6.10%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	<u>to 2.86%)</u>	<u>to 3.86%)</u>	<u>to 4.86%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 24,221,153	\$ 28,174,937	\$ 33,152,707

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,414,325. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$ 2,445,446	\$	-			
Changes of assumptions	-		3,537,940			
Contributions after measurement date	278,159		-			
Total	\$ 2,723,605	\$	3,537,940			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2025	\$ (255,351)
2026	(255,350)
2027	(255,350)
2028	(149,431)
2029	(120,366)
Thereafter	(56,646)
Total	\$ (1,092,494)

XIII. Risk Management

A. <u>General Information</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Pool, Non-Risk Retained

For its employee health and accident insurance coverage, the District is a participant in the Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of eight individual governmental units located within the Cayuga-Onondaga BOCES district. The District pays an annual premium to the plan for this health and accident insurance coverage. The Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$200,000 per insured event. The Cayuga-Onondaga School Employees Healthcare Plan obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of \$200,000 and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the plan.

C. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2023-24 fiscal year totaled \$11,812. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2024 was \$295,488 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2024, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XIV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

There is one case pending against the District as of the balance sheet date, the financial impact of this case cannot be determined at this time.

B. <u>Grants</u>

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XV. <u>Tax Abatement</u>

The County of Cayuga IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the district property tax revenue was reduced \$67,977. The District received payments in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$14,008 to help offset the property tax reduction.

XVI. Subsequent Event

On July 25, 2024, the District borrowed a Bond Anticipation Note in the amount of \$4,000,000 at 4.50% which matures June 26, 2025.

On September 26, 2024 the District borrowed a Bond Anticipation Note in the amount of \$11,500,000 at 3.75% which matures September 26, 2025.

Required Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				T	OTAL OPEB L	IABI	LITY				
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$	848,136	\$ 822,201	\$	916,096	\$	723,341	\$ 724,211	\$ 777,870	\$ 829,586	\$ 850,621
Interest		1,048,918	778,908		629,554		643,204	872,166	1,009,226	1,063,328	950,393
Differences between expected											
and actual experiences		89,920	3,131,172		1,705,310		745,024	(4,524,450)	(3,294,976)	(1,676,720)	668,938
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(713,062)	(3,416,604)		(2,387,449)		458,085	4,326,048	(198,964)	691,080	(1,975,263)
Benefit payments		(1,115,692)	 (980,013)		(964,423)		(815,110)	 (842,235)	 (881,467)	(861,296)	(861,296)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	158,220	\$ 335,664	\$	(100,912)	\$	1,754,544	\$ 555,740	\$ (2,588,311)	\$ 45,978	\$ (366,607)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	28,016,717	\$ 27,681,053	\$	27,781,965	\$	26,027,421	\$ 25,471,681	\$ 28,059,992	\$ 28,014,014	\$ 28,380,621
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	28,174,937	\$ 28,016,717	\$	27,681,053	\$	27,781,965	\$ 26,027,421	\$ 25,471,681	\$ 28,059,992	\$ 28,014,014
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	10,333,476	\$ 9,981,142	\$	8,977,629	\$	8,679,069	\$ 8,725,458	\$ 8,453,263	\$ 8,182,425	\$ 8,182,425
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cove	red										
Employee Payroll		272.66%	280.70%		308.33%		320.10%	298.29%	301.32%	342.93%	342.37%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				NYSERS Pensio	n Plan					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0086%	0.0077%	0.0065%	0.0064%	0.0056%	0.0055%	0.0052%	0.0057%	0.0057%	0.0056%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 1,269,524	\$ 1,648,320	\$ (529,387)	\$ 6,237	\$ 1,491,929	\$ 392,181	\$ 167,494	\$ 531,829	\$ 922,835	\$ 188,574
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,722,453	\$ 2,430,889	\$ 2,137,079	\$ 2,174,942	\$ 2,031,820	\$ 1,914,933	\$ 1,796,735	\$ 1,844,561	\$ 1,778,258	\$ 1,848,879
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	46.632%	67.807%	-24.772%	0.287%	73.428%	20.480%	9.322%	28.832%	51.895%	10.199%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.88%	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
				NYSTRS Pensio	n Plan					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0437%	0.0411%	0.0414%	0.0416%	0.0405%	0.0394%	0.0393%	0.0359%	0.0385%	0.0377%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 499,822	\$ 789,029	\$ (7,172,898)	\$ 1,150,628	\$ (1,052,518)	\$ (712,027)	\$ (298,862)	\$ 384,622	\$ (4,000,307)	\$ (4,194,362)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,341,977	\$ 8,073,722	\$ 7,283,480	\$ 7,025,614	\$ 7,133,174	\$ 6,762,194	\$ 6,546,546	\$ 6,230,734	\$ 5,650,233	\$ 5,808,687
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	5.992%	9.773%	-98.482%	16.378%	-14.755%	-10.530%	-4.565%	6.173%	-70.799%	-72.208%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	99.20%	98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

Required Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				NYSERS Pe	nsion Plan					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 309,792	\$ 244,958	\$ 298,431	\$ 281,705	\$ 263,041	\$ 259,565	\$ 255,002	\$ 265,538	\$ 286,942	\$ 334,747
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(309,792)	(244,958)	(298,431)	(281,705)	(263,041)	(259,565)	(255,002)	(265,538)	(286,942)	(334,747)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,722,453	\$ 2,430,889	\$ 2,137,079	\$ 2,174,942	\$ 2,031,820	\$ 1,914,933	\$ 1,796,735	\$ 1,844,561	\$ 1,778,258	\$ 1,848,879
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.38%	10.08%	13.96%	12.95%	12.95%	13.55%	14.19%	14.40%	16.14%	18.11%
				NYSTRS Pe	nsion Plan					
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 929,933	\$ 923,674	\$ 790,324	\$ 749,294	\$ 679,079	\$ 767,012	\$ 674,658	\$ 780,446	\$ 784,110	\$ 1,069,591
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(929,933)	(923,674)	(790,324)	(749,294)	(679,079)	(767,012)	(674,658)	(780,446)	(784,110)	(1,069,591)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(<i>J</i> 2 <i>J</i> , <i>J</i> 33)	()23,074) \$	(790,324) \$	(/+),2)+) \$	<u>(079,079)</u>	(707,012) \$	(074,038) \$	(780,440) \$	(784,110) \$	(1,007,571) \$
	ψ	ψ	ф —	φ	ψ	ψ -	φ	ф —	<u> </u>	φ
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,341,977	\$ 8,073,722	\$ 7,283,480	\$ 7,025,614	\$ 7,133,174	\$ 6,762,194	\$ 6,546,546	\$ 6,230,734	\$ 5,650,233	\$ 5,808,687
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.15%	11.44%	10.85%	10.67%	9.52%	11.34%	10.31%	12.53%	13.88%	18.41%

Required Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	Current Year's <u>Revenues</u>	er (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources -				
Real property taxes	\$ 8,291,027	\$ 8,291,027	\$ 8,350,665	\$ 59,638
Real property tax items	775,442	775,442	724,980	(50,462)
Non-property taxes	800	800	4,833	4,033
Charges for services	10,000	10,000	333	(9,667)
Use of money and property	77,500	77,500	236,072	158,572
Sale of property and compensation for loss	2,500	2,500	1,134	(1,366)
Miscellaneous	452,000	452,000	730,049	278,049
State Sources -				
Basic formula	14,305,503	14,305,503	13,572,654	(732,849)
Lottery aid	2,124,000	2,124,000	2,089,531	(34,469)
BOCES	1,996,045	1,996,045	1,921,355	(74,690)
Textbooks	42,000	42,000	42,088	88
All Other Aid -				
Computer software	28,238	28,238	27,951	(287)
Library loan	5,569	5,569	5,531	(38)
Other aid	720	720	3,000	2,280
Federal Sources	40,000	40,000	71,687	31,687
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 28,151,344	\$ 28,151,344	\$ 27,781,863	\$ (369,481)
Appropriated reserves	\$ -	\$ 31,890		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000		
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 69,060	\$ 69,060		
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ 28,745,404	\$ 28,777,294		

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Required Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Amended <u>Budget</u>	Е	Current Year's <u>xpenditures</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>		Un	encumbered <u>Balances</u>
EXPENDITURES									
General Support -									
Board of education	\$ 38,284	\$	40,084	\$	31,116	\$	3,465	\$	5,503
Central administration	255,821		259,421		252,828		1,003		5,590
Finance	527,510		545,738		495,897		-		49,841
Staff	247,038		248,051		191,229		-		56,822
Central services	2,330,641		2,323,415		2,146,450		43,010		133,955
Special items	323,636		328,358		322,427		-		5,931
Instructional -									
Instruction, administration and improvement	765,307		809,354		748,746		-		60,608
Teaching - regular school	5,315,977		5,623,174		5,498,220		4,571		120,383
Programs for children with									
handicapping conditions	4,293,487		4,107,945		4,019,835	-			88,110
Occupational education	1,311,953		1,179,688		1,116,578	75			63,035
Teaching - special schools	113,775		88,775		64,809		-		23,966
Instructional media	1,177,212		925,964		820,728		54,366		50,870
Pupil services	1,406,517		1,427,587		1,282,457		-		145,130
Pupil Transportation	1,686,173		1,706,006		1,451,874		28,173		225,959
Community Services	1,500		1,500		-		-		1,500
Employee Benefits	4,897,950		4,863,022		4,575,307		-		287,715
Debt service - principal	3,052,100		3,293,507		3,293,507		-		-
Debt service - interest	 800,523		816,044		816,044		-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 28,545,404	\$	28,587,633	\$	27,128,052	\$	134,663	\$	1,324,918
Other Uses -									
Transfers - out	\$ 200,000	\$	189,661	\$	156,906	\$	-	\$	32,755
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND									
OTHER USES	\$ 28,745,404	\$	28,777,294	\$	27,284,958	\$	134,663	\$	1,357,673
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	-	\$	496,905				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 5,317,304		5,317,304		5,317,304				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,317,304	\$	5,317,304	\$	5,814,209				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 28,676,344
Prior year's encumbrances	69,060
Original Budget	\$ 28,745,404
Budget revisions -	
Payment of accrued time - EBLAR reserve	6,890
Unemployment payment with reserve	25,000
FINAL BUDGET	<u>\$ 28,777,294</u>

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2024-25 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 27,766,482
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 659,663	
Unassigned fund balance	1,110,659	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 1,770,322	
Less adjustments:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 525,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	134,663	
Total adjustments	\$ 659,663	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		 1,110,659
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		 4.00%

Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Project Expenditures For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Expenditures				Methods o	f Financing		
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State		Fund
<u>Project Title</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	Appropriation	Years	Year	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance
Smart Schools Bond Act	\$ 1,081,921	\$ 1,081,921	\$ 993,271	\$ -	\$ 993,271	\$ 88,650	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 993,271	\$ 993,271	\$ -
2022-23 Lease Purchase	487,465	487,465	487,465	-	487,465	-	487,465	-	-	487,465	-
2022-23 Bus Purchase	362,100	362,100	362,100	-	362,100	-	362,100	-	-	362,100	-
2022-23 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	94,406	-	94,406	5,594	-	100,000	-	100,000	5,594
2020 Capital Improvement Project	11,500,000	11,500,000	11,545,000	-	11,545,000	(45,000)	8,220,000	3,325,000	-	11,545,000	-
2023 Capital Improvement Project	25,000,000	25,000,000	543,214	2,580,872	3,124,086	21,875,914	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	(1,124,086)
2022-23 Camera Project	35,000	35,000	-	34,661	34,661	339	-	34,661	-	34,661	-
2023-24 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	-	96,105	96,105	3,895	-	100,000	-	100,000	3,895
2023-24 Bus Purchases	447,000	447,000	-	142,819	142,819	304,181	447,000	-	-	447,000	304,181
2023-24 Camera Project	35,000	35,000		28,186	28,186	6,814					(28,186)
TOTAL	\$ 39,148,486	\$ 39,148,486	\$ 14,025,456	\$ 2,882,643	\$ 16,908,099	\$ 22,240,387	\$ 9,516,565	\$ 5,559,661	\$ 993,271	\$ 16,069,497	\$ (838,602)

Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		Spe	ecial			
			Total			
		School	Mis	scellaneous	Ν	onmajor
		Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue	Gov	ernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	151,263	\$	190,019	\$	341,282
Investments		-		16,336		16,336
Receivables		46,014		-		46,014
Inventories		11,358		-		11,358
Due from other funds		5,554		-		5,554
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	214,189	\$	206,355	\$	420,544
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities -						
Accounts payable	\$	3,385	\$	600	\$	3,985
Accrued liabilities		70		-		70
Due to other funds		100,521		-		100,521
Due to other governments		127		-		127
Unearned revenue		3,287		-		3,287
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	107,390	\$	600	\$	107,990
Fund Balances -						
Nonspendable	\$	11,358	\$	-	\$	11,358
Restricted		-		205,755		205,755
Assigned		95,441		-		95,441
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	106,799	\$	205,755	\$	312,554
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES	\$	214,189	\$	206,355	\$	420,544

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Spe				
	Revenue Funds				Total	
			Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Nonmajor Governmental	
				Fund		Funds
REVENUES						
Use of money and property	\$	131	\$	2,368	\$	2,499
Miscellaneous		39,210		7,275		46,485
State sources		143,880		-		143,880
Federal sources		445,614		-		445,614
Sales		54,795		-		54,795
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	683,630	\$	9,643	\$	693,273
EXPENDITURES						
Employee benefits	\$	121,517	\$	-	\$	121,517
Cost of sales		238,014		-		238,014
Other expenses		313,980		9,918		323,898
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	673,511	\$	9,918	\$	683,429
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	10,119	\$	(275)	\$	9,844
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR		96,680		206,030		302,710
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	106,799	\$	205,755	\$	312,554

Supplementary Information MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Capital assets/right to use assets, net			\$ 41,538,016
Deduct:			
Bond payable	\$	15,327,000	
Lease Liability		455,152	
Unamortized bond premium		900,818	
Assets purchased with short-term financing		1,124,086	
Refunding bond difference		447,778	
Retainage payable		96,462	
			18,351,296
Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Right to Use Assets			\$ 23,186,720

Supplementary Information

MORAVIA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

Assistance **Pass-Through Grantor / Pass - Through Agency** Listing Agency Total Federal Award Cluster / Program Number Number **Expenditures U.S. Department of Education: Passed Through NYS Education Department -Special Education Cluster IDEA -**Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) 84.027 0032-24-0093 \$ 287,857 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) 84.173 0033-24-0093 10,456 ARP - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)-COVID-19 84.027X 5532-23-0093 2,500 \$ 300,813 Total Special Education Cluster IDEA **Education Stabilization Funds -**CRRSA - ESSER 2-COVID-19 84.425D 5891-21-0305 \$ 174,195 **ARP - ESSER III-COVID-19** 84.425U 5880-21-0305 1.259.675 ARP - SLR Summer Enrichment-COVID-19 84.425U 5882-21-0305 35,172 ARP - SLR Learning Loss-COVID-19 84.425U 5884-21-0305 146,187 **Total Education Stabilization Funds** \$ 1,615,229 Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant 84.367 0147-23-0305 556 Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 0021-24-0305 274,253 **Total U.S. Department of Education** 2,190,851 \$ **U.S. Department of Agriculture:** Passed Through NYS Education Department (Child Nutrition Services) -**Child Nutrition Cluster -**National School Lunch Program 10.555 051301040000 270,034 \$ National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) 10.555 051301040000 32,550 Supply Chain Assistance-COVID-19 10.555 051301040000 30,735 National School Breakfast Program 10.553 051301040000 112,295 **Total Child Nutrition Cluster** 445,614 \$ 445,614 **Total U.S. Department of Agriculture** TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS \$ 2,636,465



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Moravia Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Moravia Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Moravia Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LAP

Rochester, New York October 14, 2024